

ISPRA TESTING Commenting Spreadsheet						
Document	Number of chapter, section or (sub)clause	Paragraph, figure, diagram, table	Short title	Comment	Proposed change	Severity
For data specifications (D2.8.x) use a comma-separated list of two-letter theme acronyms (e.g. "AC,MF,OF,SR") or "all" (to refer to all data specifications) For the proposed changes to D2.5 & D2.7, use "D2.5/2.7" For the O&M guidelines (D2.9), use "D2.9"  [This field is validated using a macro]	The number of the chapter, section or (sub)clause. Use "3.1" instead of "Clause 3.1" or "Chapter 6.1". For comments referring to the whole document, use "all".	E.g. "Table 1", "2nd paragraph"	A short summary of the comment (maximum 1 sentence). This will be used as the summary of the issue in the issue tracking system used by the TWGs.  [This field is limited to max. 255 characters]	The comment. This should include a justification for the proposed change (if any).	The proposed change should be as precise and specific as possible.	Select level of severity from drop down list (minor, normal, critical)
LC	All	All	Comments as part of other documents.	Most of own comments and suggestion are just incorporate by the INSPIRE DT and TWG on Land Cover. Own comments are incorporated in other SDIc community documents due to face to face meeting that		Normal
GE	5.2.1	page 11, 3rd row	samplingFrame association need codelist	In this part of the document is required as mandatory the SamplingFeature identification, but the document don't provide a list of possible term. In most case this can generate	A referenced list of term could be included.	Normal
GE	5.2.1	page 12, second-last paragraph	geologic structure	it is important to consider the inclusion of buried fault in the fault type. In many case it's possible to have buried structure below hundred meters of quaternary deposits. If we	introduce buried fault in fault type	Critical
GE	5.2.1	page 12, last paragraph, GeomorphologicalFeature	Error in a GeomorphologicalFeature definition	From our point of view GeomorphologicalFeature can be also a point of interest that at certain scale can be represented just as point, while the sentence	New sentence: A GeomorphologicalFeature (Figure 3) is a landform represented as point, linear or areal form.	Critical
GE	5.2.1	page 11, Body Morphology	Body Morphology conflict	The description of morphology of a geologic body: it isn't clear which type of relation have with the GeomorphologyFeature that describe also a landform, may be redundant.	Clarify the relation between body morphology of a Geologic Unit with the GeomorphologyFeature Type.	Minor
GE	5.2.1	page 13, second-last paragraph	CGI_TermRange and CGI_NumericRange could be substituted by Swe model?	Concerning the opportunity to encode the geologic feature as OGC WFS service the question is: Could be better use the Swe category and quantity to encode the numeric	Just to make a remark.	Minor
GE	5.2.1	Page 15, 1st paragraph	CGI_planar_orientation properties	how is described a horizontal orientation of a plane?	Add "horizontal "	Minor
GE	5.2.2.1.2	page 15, GeomorphologicFeature	GeomorphologicFeature definition	cfr. comment before about GeomorphologyFeature definition; the definition should be changed	New sentence: A GeomorphologicalFeature (Figure 3) is a landform represented as point, linear or areal form.	Critical
GE	5.2.2.1.3	page 16, NaturalGeomorphologicFeature	NaturalGeomorphologicFeature definition	NaturalGeomorphologicFeature definition isn't exhaustive of the processes that produce them.	New sentence: The type of geomorphologic feature produced by Natural process	Normal
GE	5.2.2.2.1	page 16, AnthropogenicGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm	Governance should be not extended as term	The possibility of the extension of the Governance (by the member States) will decrease the harmonization.	We suggest the introduction of a vocabulary or a fixed codelist.	Normal
GE	5.2.2.2.1	page 16, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm	NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureType require a vocabulary.	In the GeomorphologyFeature model is missing the possibility to explain the state of a landform that in most case is essential to reconstruct the evolution of a landform.	From the model isn't clear the role played by geomorphology (e.g. in the NRZ model); we think that it should be better explained.	Critical
GE	5.2.2.2.2	page 16, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm	NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureType require a vocabulary.	A very long list of term like NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm codelist is complex to use and sometimes it can generate confusion into the user, because	We suggest the introduction of a hierarchy vocabulary based on morphodynamic factors.	Critical
GE	5.2.2.2.2	page 16, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm	Governance should be not extended as term	The possibility of the extension of the Governance (by the member States) will decrease the harmonization.	We suggest the introduction of a vocabulary or a fixed codelist.	Critical
GE	5.2.3	page 17, 1st paragraph, geological age	Geological Age is described in the extension schema		Geologic Age should be included into the core model.	Critical
GE	5.2.3	page 19, 3rd dotted row, Start Point	Start point indicate the position relative to ground surface where the borehole commenced.	In the BoreholeStartPointCode code list (page 175) doesn't appear "Rotary table", at which most of the borehole "height a.s.l." is referred	add "Rotary table" in the BoreholeStartPointCode code list	Normal
GE	5.2.7	pag.60 GeophProfiles, last paragraph, also 5.2.8.4.6.	profileType not unique	other types of geophysical lines may be of importance also in the core schema: for example multibeam and side scan sonar are used for marine environmental studies also of	extended profileTypeValue Codelist should at least include: multibeam, side scan sonar, gravity, magnetic, em.	Normal
GE	5.2.7	pag.60 GeophProfiles, last paragraph	multimethod profiles	note that marine and airborne profiles may be acquired using different geophysical sensors measuring different parameters at the same time	Add attribute for multimethod profiles	Normal
GE	5.2.7	pag.62 GeophSurveys, last paragraph, also 5.2.4.2.	DataSetTypeValue to be extended	other types of geophysical surveys may be of importance also in the core schema: for example multibeam and side scan sonar surveys for marine environmental studies also	add new items to DataSetTypeValue: multibeam, side scan sonar, em	Normal
GE	5.2.7	pag 59 GeophStations first and last paragraph	station type restriction	If as stated station type is restricted to gravity, magnetic and seismological, why use examples or citation of vertical electrical soundings, electrode spacing, etc?	citation of the restricted types as examples, in keeping with the document version	Minor
GE	5.2.7	pag 60 GeophStations and GeophProfiles	constraints	we approve		Minor
GE	5.2.7	pag 65 "Type defined in the feature catalog" Table	column "Section" wrong	the table column "Section" has uncorrected reference values (f.e. 5.2.2.1.1 should be 5.2.8.1.1)	correction of the Section references	Minor
GE	5.2.7	pag 73, 5.2.8.1.12 and 5.2.8.3.1.	SeismicLine Type Value extension	It could be important to distinguish 2D multichannel and 2D one channel seismics (lots of marine data was surveyed using one channel seismics) and the data processing,	change the values in SeismicLine TypeValue (5.2.8.3.1) to: 2D onechannel seismic line; 2D multichannel seismic line; 3D seismic line	Normal
GE	11.2.2	page 125	styles for fault types	following the comments on buried fault (see comment above), it is important to introduce a symbol for buried fault	introduce a symbol for buried fault (possibly dotted line)	Normal
GE	11.2.2	page 125	styles for fault types	although it is indicated in the legend, avoid, if possible, the use of the dotted line (ft 1, ft 1.1, ft 1.2) which in many cases, for mapping habit, can be interpreted as buried or	change the dotted line (ft 1, ft 1.1, ft 1.2) with another style type	Normal

GE	Annex F	page 169	AlterationType Term	which is the difference between "alteration type not specified" and "unknown alteration"?	eliminate "unknown alteration"	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 175	Start point indicate the position relative to ground surface where the borehole commenced.	most of the borehole quote is referred to Rotary Table height a.s.l.	add "Rotary table" in the BoreholeStartPointCode code list	Normal
GE	Annex F	page 212, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the terms "Bajada" and "Ballena"	delete	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 213, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the term "Ballon"	delete	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 214, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the term "Bayou"	delete	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 215, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the term "Bolson"	change with "Intermountain basin"	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 215, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the term "Coulee"	delete	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 225, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	typing error	Geiser instead of geyser	change geiser with geyser	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 227, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the term "Gulch"	change with "ravine"	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 233, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the term "Mogote"	delete	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 235, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the term "Paha"	delete	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 236, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the term "partial ballena"	delete	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 237, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the term "pimple mound"	delete	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 238, NaturalGeomorphologicFeatureTypeTerm Code list	terminology doubt	some doubt on the term "pocasin"	delete	Minor
GE	Annex F	page 238, rankTerm Code list	missing synthetic unit (UBSU unit)	we use the synthetic unit (Synthem) for quaternary continental deposits	add "Synthem"	Minor
SO	2.2	page 1 paragraph 2.2 last sentence	add mitigation of desertification process	Desertification is considering in the COM(2006)231final as final result of degradation processes.	Add at the end of sentence also: the mitigation of desertification processes in areas with arid or semi-arid climatic condition.	Normal
SO	2.2	page 4 paragraph 2.2	change Brownfields definition	The definition of brownfields isn't correct and not in line with IUCN, EPA and International	The definition of brownfields is: Brownfields	Normal
SO	5.2.2.2.2	page 39 paragraph 5.2.2.2.2	Explain the definition of	In the definition of contamination name is not clear	If the terms are synonymous is important	Normal
	Annex B	page 121 Annex B	Explain or insert P factor in the	The P factor that are present in the formula	We suggest to explain because isn't in the	Normal
EF	Annex B/Annex C	page 52 Annex B Uses case	Add more explicative examples	In the document should be more examples of uses case, also examples how EF model could be interlinked with the other model. In own case, it isn't easy understand the relation between EF as wave measurement	Add examples of uses case and also examples of relation between EF model and other models.	Normal
AM	Annex B	page 74 Annex B Uses case	Add more examples	In the document there should be more practical examples, also XML schema examples to better understand the data	add practical example of compiled XML	Normal
NZ	2.2	page 13, Table 1 (15th row)	peak ground linear dislocation change	This definition is ambiguous and isn't consistent with standard terminology, so we suggest to change title	Coseismic surface tectonic dislocation	Critical
NZ	2.2	page 13, Table 1	Geologic/Landslide change name	In consideration of the list of hazard is better broader term than landslide that not take in account all the phenomena	Geologic/Ground deformation	Normal
NZ	5.2.1.1	page 22 After IR Requirement 3	Insert the reliability of the Hazard assessment	The reliability of the Hazard assessment is necessary to evaluate the quality of hazard map	Add the new attribute "Reliability".	Normal
NZ	5.2.1.2	page 25 in paragraph: LINKS WITH OTHER THEMES	Link the hazard to the inventory source	#####	Add a Reference attribute to the features providing information about inventory or catalogue supporting the hazard assessment.	Critical
NZ	5.3.1.1.4.	page 35 ObservedHazard Feature Catalogue	Add the reference attribute with the source	To better link the Natural Hazard Assessment to the source of phenomena information is necessary to add a attribute in the <b>ObservedHazard Feature Catalogue</b> .	Association role: sourceInventory Value type: HazardArea Definition: The association with the features providing information about inventory or catalogue supporting the hazard assessment Multiplicity: 0..* Stereotypes: «voidable»	Normal
NZ	Annex B	page 107 B.1 2nd row - 1st column	peak ground linear dislocation change	This definition is ambiguous and isn't consistent with standard terminology, so we suggest to change title	Coseismic surface tectonic dislocation	Critical
NZ	Annex B	page 107 B.1 2nd row - 2nd column	Ground dislocation definition change	"Ground dislocation harmful impact on solid buildings and constructs" definition isn't linked with earthquake and tectonic events.	Surface dislocation/deformation caused by the coseismic reactivation of the seismogenic fault	Critical
NZ	Annex B	page 107 B.1 2nd row - 3rd column	The ground motion of the tectonic explanation change	The ground motion of the tectonic plates explanation should be improved in according with the new definition.	#####	Normal
NZ	Annex B	page 109 B.1 table, 3rd row - 1st column	Geologic/Landslide change name	In consideration of the list of hazard is better broader term than landslide	Geologic/Ground deformation	Normal
NZ	Annex B	page 109 B.1 table, 3rd row - 2nd column	Landslide term ambiguity	Landslide term includes several hazard mentioned in the same group (i.e. Rockfall, mudflow, slide, etc.); this could generate an overlap.	Delete Landslide term	Minor

